



# MEET THE TEACHER

## Year 5

### Monday 8th September





# Meet the Year 5 Team

5G Class teacher: Mrs Marantha Cabey

5B Class teacher: Mr Mirco Zanier

Additional Adults: Mr John Norwood, Ms Lily Azevedo, Ms Penny

Themistocleous, Ms Ava McDonald

SaLT Teaching Assistant: Ms Khalida Begum

SEND: Ms Eleanor Alford

Spanish Teacher: Ms Marie Nkhan

Music Teacher: Mr Jake Stevens

PE Coach: Coach Ryan Hassan

# Excellence for All – Our Values



collaboration

creativity

focus

kindness

responsibility

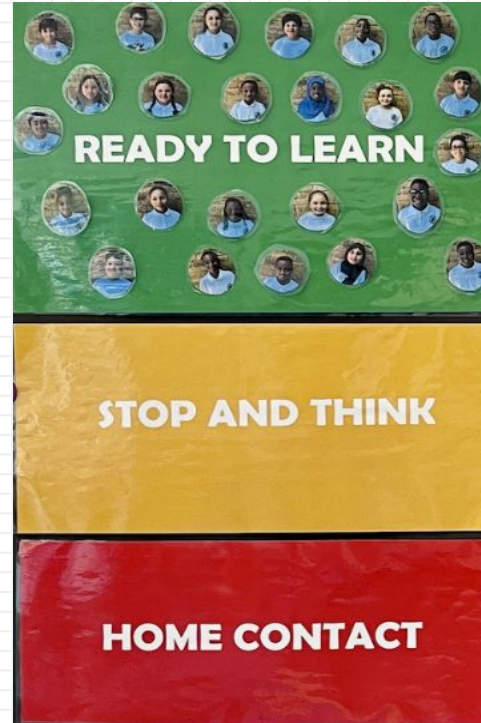


# Excellence for All

Green-ready for learning.

Orange -Stop and think. Children are given the opportunity to reflect on their choices and get ready for learning again.

Red - Parent contact. Consequence if undesirable behaviour persists or if a child's actions are considered extreme.



## School Uniform

- navy crewneck sweatshirt or cardigan with logo
- light blue polo shirt with logo
- black school trousers, knee-length skirt or shorts, pinafore or blue check dress
- plain black, white or grey socks or tights
- plain black shoes

## PE Uniform

- light blue polo shirt with logo
- plain black PE shorts or tracksuit bottoms
- **plain** black, white or grey socks
- **plain** black (or white) plimsolls or **plain** trainers
- **on Thursday and Friday, children should come to school dressed in PE kit**



**Simple ear studs and religious items are the only jewellery permitted. Please leave all other jewellery at home.**

**Pre-loved uniform is available through the school office and at PSA events.**

# Timetable

## 5G - Marantha Cabey

Day	8.55	10.00	10.20	10.40	11.40	12.45	1.45	2.35
Monday	Spanish   ST	A s s e m b l y	B r e a k	Music	Maths	L u n c h	SPaG   MM   Science	
Tuesday	Humanities			Reading	PSHE/RE		Maths	Computing
Wednesday	Reading			Maths	PE		SPaG   MM   Writing	ST
Thursday	PE			Maths	Reading		Writing	Art/DT
Friday	Reading			Maths	Writing		SPaG   MM   Humanities	ST






\*MM = Maths Meeting \*HW = Handwriting \*SPaG: Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar \*ST: Story Time \*SC: Spelling Check

## 5B - Mirco Zanier

Day	8.55	10.00	10.20	10.40	11.40	12.45	1.45	2.35
Monday	Maths	A s s e m b l y	B r e a k	Spanish	Music   ST	L u n c h	SPaG   MM   Science	
Tuesday	Humanities			Reading	PSHE/RE		Maths	Computing
Wednesday	Reading			PE	Maths		SPaG   MM   Writing	ST
Thursday	Maths			PE	Reading		Writing	Art/DT
Friday	Reading			Maths	Writing		SPaG   MM   Humanities	ST

\*MM = Maths Meeting \*HW = Handwriting \*SPaG: Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar \*ST: Story Time \*SC: Spelling Check

# Year 5 Wider Curriculum Map

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
History/ Geography	Geography: Map It! 	History: The Vikings 	Geography: Our Natural Planet 	History: The Greeks 	Geography: Trade 	History: Islamic Civilisation 	
Design Technology /Art and Design	Art: Topography & Maps 	DT: Frame Structures 	DT: Cams 	Art: Fashion Design 	DT: Celebrating seasonality 	Art: Architecture- Dream Big or Small 	
Computing	Systems & Searching 	Video Production 	Selection in Physical Computing 	Flat file Database 	Vector Drawing 	Selection in quizzes 	
PE: Coach	Football 	Netball 	Gymnastics Unit 1 	Tag Rugby 	Athletics 	Cricket 	
PE: Teacher	Handball 	Hockey 	Dance 	Orienteering 	Basketball 	Rounders 	
RE/ PSHE	PSHE: Family & Relationships 	RE: Islam in Britain 	PSHE: Health and Wellbeing 	RE: Celebrations & Festivals 	PSHE: Citizenship 	RE: Morals and Values 	PSHE: Safety & Changing Me 
Science	Properties and Changes of Materials 		Forces 	Earth and Space 	Plant and Animal Life Cycles 	The Human Life Cycle	
Spanish	All About Me 	My hobbies 	Food 	My town 	Sports 	Recap & Review 	

# Half Termly Curriculum Information

## English

In English we will:

- read 'There's a Boy in the Girls' Bathroom'
- engage with unfamiliar vocabulary and evaluate language used by authors and the effect it has on readers
- make and justify inferences using evidence from the text
- write personal recounts, a persuasive letter and instructions



## Maths

In maths, we will be learning to:

- develop our understanding of place value with large integers
- compare and order 5 and 6-digit numbers
- solve problems with a range of strategies
- use a range of mental strategies to add and subtract



## Science

Our topic is, 'Properties and Changes of Materials'. We will:

- compare and group everyday materials on the basis of their properties
- identify materials that will dissolve in liquid to form a solution
- use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated



## Geography

Our topic is 'Map It!': We will be learning to:

- identify the position of the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circles
- use four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys to build our knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world



## Curriculum Information

new wave  
federation

## Year 5 - Autumn 1

## Computing

Our topic is, 'Systems and Searching'. We will:

- develop our understanding of computer systems and devices
- discover how search engines work including how they select and rank results



## PE

Our topics are, 'Football' and 'Handball'. We will:

- choose and implement a range of strategies to attack and defend
- suggest, plan and lead simple drills for different skills
- recognise and describe good performances
- use screening to break down offensive play

Don't forget to wear your PE kit to school on PE days.



## PSHE

Our topic is, 'Family and Relationships'. We will:

- explore the ups and downs of friendships and family life
- understand the concept of marriage
- understand self-respect
- understand more about bullying, being a bystander and how to get help
- recognise how attitudes to gender have changes over time

## Art and Design

Our topic is, 'Topography and Maps'. We will be:

- exploring the work of Grayson Perry, Paula Scher and Chris Kenny
- using maps to inspire our drawings
- combining words with other visual materials to make artwork about chosen themes
- creating personal imagery maps using symbolism



# English

## New Wave - Year 5 - Reading Pathway

### Books to Read for Pleasure

<p>The Classic</p>	<p>The Future Classic</p>	<p>The Non-Fiction One</p>
<p>The Poetry Collection</p>	<p>The Graphic Novel</p>	<p>The Funny One</p>

### Books to Write From


We will be reading a selection of fiction, non-fiction and poetry together. We will be writing: an adventure story, instructions, a legend, a newspaper report, diary entries, a persuasive letter, a myth, a non-chronological report, a graphic novel, an explanation, poetry, a science-fiction story and a discussion.

new wave  
federation

Year 5 Spellings  
Autumn Term 1

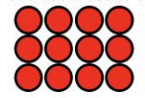
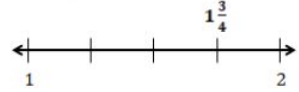
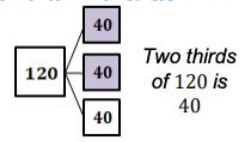
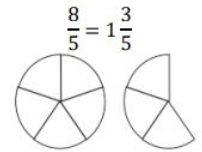
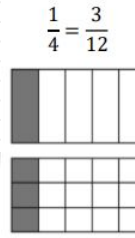
Test w/c 08.09.25	Test w/c 15.09.25	Test w/c 22.09.25	Test w/c 29.09.25	Test w/c 06.10.25	Test w/c 13.10.25	Test w/c 20.10.25
silent letter b	silent letter b	ough words	-ible	-ible	homophones	common exception words
thumb numb crumbly debt doubt limbs climbed tomb	combs lamb bomb subtle plumbing doubtful dumb catacomb	fought nought bought coughing rough tough enough through ought trough	terrible possible sensible visible legible edible reversible credible	responsible irresistible flexible horrible divisible incredible convertible invincible	cereal serial heard herd steal stationary stationery father farther	accompany according appreciate attached accommodate aggressive business penniless apparently committee
occupy occur	foreign harass		government parliament	guarantee hindrance		

# Maths



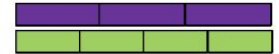
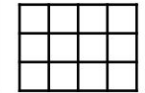
## Mathematics Curriculum Map: Year 5 Mastery

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
<b>Autumn</b>	<b>Reasoning with large whole integers</b>		<b>Integer addition and subtraction</b>		<b>Line graphs and timetables</b>		<b>Multiplication and division</b>			<b>Perimeter and area</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Read, write, order and compare numbers up to one million</li> <li>Round numbers within one million to the nearest multiple of powers of ten</li> <li>Read Roman numerals up to M</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use rounding to estimate</li> <li>Use a range of mental calculation strategies to add and subtract integers</li> <li>Illustrate and explain the written method of column addition and subtraction</li> <li>Select efficient calculation strategies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Complete, read and interpret data presented in line graphs</li> <li>Read and interpret timetables including calculating intervals</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify multiples and factors</li> <li>Investigate prime numbers</li> <li>Multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000 (integers)</li> <li>Derived facts</li> <li>Illustrate and explain formal multiplication and division strategies such as short and long</li> <li>Use a range of mental calculation strategies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Investigate area and perimeter of rectilinear shapes</li> <li>Estimate area of non-rectilinear shapes</li> </ul>					
<b>Spring</b>	<b>Fractions and decimals</b>		<b>Angles</b>		<b>Fractions and percentages</b>		<b>Transformations</b>			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Read, write, order and compare decimals</li> <li>Round decimals to the nearest whole number</li> <li>Represent, identify, name, write, order and compare fractions (including improper and mixed numbers)</li> <li>Calculate fractions of amounts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classify, compare and order angles</li> <li>Measure a draw angles with a protractor</li> <li>Understand and use angle facts to calculate missing angles</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add, subtract fractions with denominators that are multiples of the same number</li> <li>Multiply fractions (and mixed numbers) by a whole number</li> <li>Explore percentage, decimal, fractions equivalence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coordinates in all four quadrants</li> <li>Translation and reflection</li> <li>Calculate intervals across zero as a context for negative numbers</li> </ul>						
<b>Summer</b>	<b>Converting units of measure</b>		<b>Calculating with whole numbers and decimals</b>		<b>2-D and 3-D shape</b>		<b>Volume</b>	<b>Problem solving</b>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Convert between metric units of length, mass and capacity and units of time</li> <li>Know and use approximate conversion between imperial and metric</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mental strategies to add and subtract involving decimals</li> <li>Formal written strategies to add, subtract and multiply involving decimals</li> <li>Multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000 involving decimals</li> <li>Derive multiplication facts involving decimals</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classify 2-D shapes and reason about regular and irregular polygons</li> <li>Properties of diagonals of quadrilaterals</li> <li>Classify 3-D shapes</li> <li>2-D representations of 3-D shapes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use cube numbers and notation</li> <li>Estimate volume</li> <li>Convert units of volume</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Negative numbers and calculating intervals across zero</li> <li>Calculating the mean</li> <li>Interpret remainders</li> <li>Investigate numbers: consecutive, palindromic, multiples</li> </ul>					



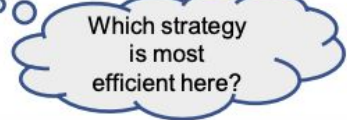
There are three rows with a value of four. There are four columns with a value of 3.

$3 \times 4 = 12$     $4 \times 3 = 12$   
 $12 \div 4 = 3$     $12 \div 3 = 4$



Three groups of four are equal to 12.  
 Four groups of three are equal to 12.

The Dimensions of Depth - Conceptual Understanding, Language and Communication and Mathematical Thinking - underpin all aspects of the curriculum; problem solving is at the heart and is embedded in all units.



# Knowledge Organisers

Knowledge Organiser Booklet  
Year 5  
Autumn 1

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Class \_\_\_\_\_

NEW WEBB  
CELEBRATION

## Properties and Changes of Materials - Year 5 - Unit 1

### Scientific Enquiry

#### identifying & classifying

Identifying means knowing what something is and naming it. Classifying means grouping things together if they have something in common. We will explore adding a range of solids like sugar and salt to water and group solids based on observations.

#### comparative & fair testing

Comparative testing means testing objects to rank them. Fair tests are enquiries that observe or measure the impact of changing one variable when all others are kept the same. We will investigate the properties of different materials in order to recommend them for particular functions. We will test and compare dissolving rates and irreversible changes such as rusting.

### Working Scientifically

- Asking scientific questions
- Presenting results
- Interpreting results
- Concluding (drawing conclusions)
- Observing closely
- Predicting
- Taking measurements
- Evaluating an enquiry
- Gathering and recording results

#### Things you learnt in previous topics

In Year 2, you identified and compared the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for particular uses and found out how the shapes of solid objects made from materials like plastic and rubber could be changed. In Year 3, you identified magnetic materials. In Year 4, you compared and grouped materials according to whether they were solids, liquids or gases and observed changes of state. You learnt about evaporation and condensation and the water cycle.

### Subject Specific Vocabulary

#### conductor

A conductor is a material which electricity, heat or sound can flow through



#### insulator

An insulator is a material that is a poor carrier of heat, electricity or sound.



Materials have different uses depending on their properties and state (liquid, solid, gas)

Properties include hardness, transparency, electrical and thermal conductivity and magnetism.

#### reversible

When materials can be changed back to their original state or form it is called a reversible change. When ice (solid) melts to form water (liquid), it can be frozen back to ice again. This is a reversible change.



When a steel paper clip is bent, it changes shape. This is a reversible change as it can be bent back to its original shape.



When an egg is cracked to make a fried egg creates a new material. This change is irreversible.



#### irreversible

Some materials are cooked, heated, burnt or mixed. A new material is formed. The new material cannot be changed back to how it was before. This is an irreversible change. Paper being burnt is an irreversible change. It is not possible to get the paper back.



Heating an egg to make a fried egg creates a new material. This change is irreversible.



#### dissolving

A conductor is a material which electricity, heat or sound can flow through



One or more separate materials in a mixture is filtered by filtering. This involves passing a liquid through a mesh to separate solids.



Sieving separates solids from liquids or larger solids from smaller solids by passing them through a net.



#### filtering

One or more separate materials in a mixture is filtered by filtering. This involves passing a liquid through a mesh to separate solids.



Sieving separates solids from liquids or larger solids from smaller solids by passing them through a net.



Sieving separates solids from liquids or larger solids from smaller solids by passing them through a net.



#### evaporation

To recover a substance from a solution we can use different methods such as evaporation where a material is turned from its liquid state into a gas.



#### How this connects with future learning

In KS3, you will learn about chemical reactions as the rearrangement of atoms. You will be able to represent chemical reactions using formulae and equations. You will learn about combustion, thermal decomposition, oxidation and displacement reactions. You will be able to define acids and alkalis in terms of neutralisation reactions. You will be able to use the pH scale for measuring acidity/alkalinity, and indicators.



## Topography & Maps - Year 5 - Autumn 1

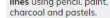
### Art Themes

#### line

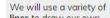
A long mark or stroke that could be straight, curved, thick, thin or any direction.

We can make different lines using pencil, paint, charcoal and pastels.

We will use a variety of lines to draw our own symbolic maps.



A balance of shapes is important within composition.

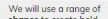


#### shape

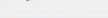
A form or outline of something.

We will use a range of shapes to create bold designs.

We will make connections between the real world and how we represent it in our work.



We will make connections between the real world and how we represent it in our work.



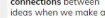
### Tier 2

#### connections

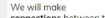
A relationship in which a person or thing is linked or associated with something else.

We can create connections between ideas when we make art.

We will make connections between the real world and how we represent it in our work.



We will make connections between the real world and how we represent it in our work.



### visual language

Communicate through visual elements.

We will create our own visual language when creating our personal maps.

We can read the visual language of art just as we can read words.



We can read the visual language of art just as we can read words.



### Key Vocabulary

#### symbolism

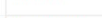
The use of symbols to represent ideas, emotions or qualities etc.

We can use symbolism in art to express our own emotions.

We can use simple symbolism to represent big ideas.



We can use simple symbolism to represent big ideas.



#### mapping

Chart and connect places or even abstract ideas.

We will be mapping our own personal ideas and identities.

Grayson Perry uses mapping in most of his art works.



Grayson Perry uses mapping in most of his art works.



#### identity

Who a person is and the qualities that make them unique.

We will be expressing different parts of our identities with our symbolic maps.

To create balance in a composition we make choices such as how far it is symmetrical or asymmetrical.



To create balance in a composition we make choices such as how far it is symmetrical or asymmetrical.



#### How this connects with previous learning

In Year 2, you used pattern in printmaking.

In Year 3, you made collages by drawing with scissors.

In Year 4, you made forms using a range of media.

#### How this connects with future learning

In Year 5, you will explore architecture and create your own design.

In Year 6, you will create your own designs based on installation art.

## Systems and Searching - Year 5 - Autumn 1

### Tier 2 Vocabulary

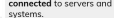
#### connection

The act of joining or being joined to something else.

See how devices are connected to servers and systems.

If this train is delayed any longer, we will miss our connection to London.

You will learn to understand the physical and electronic connections.



You will learn to understand the physical and electronic connections.

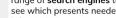


#### search engine

A program that searches for and identifies items in a database that correspond to keywords or characters specified by the user.

The search engine will link results more closely to the person researching.

You will be introduced to a range of search engines to see which presents needed information.



You will be introduced to a range of search engines to see which presents needed information.



#### refine

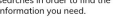
To make minor changes so as to improve or clarify.

Searches, media, content, even data needs to be refined in order to have best possible output and information.

You will need to refine your searches in order to find the information you need.



You will need to refine your searches in order to find the information you need.



### World Wide Web

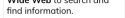
A service provided via the internet that allows access to web pages and other shared files.

The World Wide Web has made it easier for people to access information.

You will be using the World Wide Web to search and find information.



You will be using the World Wide Web to search and find information.



#### webpages

A HTML document viewed using a web browser.

Visit a webpage to see what products, services and information are being offered.

You will learn how a webpage's content can influence where it is search ranks.



You will learn how a webpage's content can influence where it is search ranks.



#### system

A set of things working together as parts of a mechanism or an interconnecting network.

Systems are built using a number of parts.

Will understand that digital systems use input and outputs to communicate to each other.



Will understand that digital systems use input and outputs to communicate to each other.



## Map It - Year 5 - Autumn 1

### Tier 2 Vocabulary

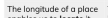
#### locate

To find the exact place or position of something.

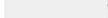
The longitude of a place enables us to locate it on a map.

Ordnance Survey grid references help us to locate places when orienteering.

Located the Amazon rainforest on the map.



Located the Amazon rainforest on the map.



#### contrast

To show the differences between two or more things.

The climate in the tropics is a huge contrast to the climate in both the Arctic and Antarctic Circles.

The Arctic and Antarctic have contrasting minimum temperatures.

I like to ride my bike. In contrast my sister likes to play football.



I like to ride my bike. In contrast my sister likes to play football.

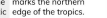


#### Tropic of Cancer

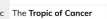
A significant line of latitude that is located above the equator.

The Tropic of Cancer marks the southern edge of the tropics.

The Tropic of Cancer lies 23° north of the equator.



The Tropic of Cancer lies 23° north of the equator.



#### Tropic of Capricorn

A significant line of latitude that is located below the equator.

The Tropic of Capricorn marks the northern edge of the tropics.

The Tropic of Capricorn lies 23° south of the equator.



The Tropic of Capricorn lies 23° south of the equator.

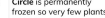


#### Arctic Circle

A polar region around the North Pole and the most northerly circle of latitude.

The sub-zero in the Arctic Circle: the southern edge is covered in ice.

In the Arctic Circle, the minimum temperature is -43°C.



In the Arctic Circle, the minimum temperature is -43°C.

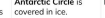


#### Antarctic Circle

A polar region around the South Pole and the most southerly circle of latitude.

86% of land in the Antarctic Circle is covered in ice.

In the Antarctic Circle, the minimum temperature is -62°C.



In the Antarctic Circle, the minimum temperature is -62°C.



#### grid references

Grid references on an Ordnance Survey map help you to pinpoint the exact location anywhere on a map.

Grid references have at least four digits.

We can use grid references to help pinpoint a location when orienteering.



We can use grid references to help pinpoint a location when orienteering.



#### How this connects with previous learning

In Year 3, you learned about the five major lines of latitude.

In Year 3, you learned about the four major climate zones.

In Year 3, you were introduced to orienteering.

#### How this connects with future learning

In Spring 1, you will learn the link between climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts.

In Summer 1, you will learn about trade of natural resources across the world.

In Year 6, you will apply your knowledge when comparing 3 regions across the world.



# Swimming

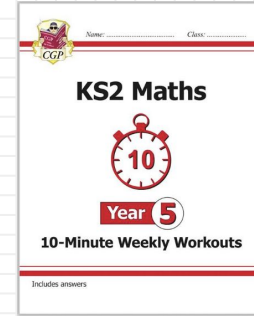
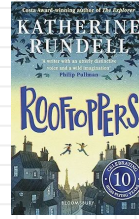
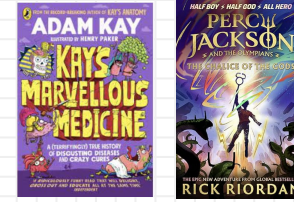
All Year 5 children will complete an intensive swimming programme in Clissold Leisure Centre's. This will allow the children to continue to have two PE lessons each week throughout the year and receive 10 hours of swimming lessons.

Each class will have two weeks of daily swimming lessons this term rather than weekly lessons. 5G's lessons begin on Monday 29th September, 5B's lessons begin on Monday 13th October.



# Home learning

- reading – 20 mins daily (books can be borrowed from school)
- reading journals can be completed at school or at home: 3 entries per week (e.g. a character description, a summary, favourite new words with meanings)
- weekly maths practice including learning key facts related to number and measure
- weekly spelling practice
- geography, history or science home learning projects



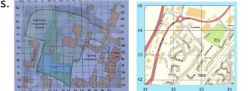
## Year 5 Geography Homework Project

It's time to get creative, Year 5! We would like you to use the materials you have at home to make one of the following:

1. A model of the world, labelling the tropics of Cancer and Capricorn and the Arctic and Antarctic Circles.



2. A map of an area of your choice including grid references.



3. A model of a country or continent of your choice, including information on the climate.



Please hand in your projects by **Friday 18th October**. We can't wait to see them!

Science

Computing

Art / DT



new wave federation		Year 5 Spellings Autumn Term 1				
Test w/c 09.09.24	Test w/c 16.09.24	Test w/c 23.09.24	Test w/c 30.09.24	Test w/c 07.10.24	Test w/c 14.10.24	Test w/c 21.10.24
silent letter b	silent letter b	ough words	-ible	-ible	homophones	common exception words
thumb numb crumbly debt doubt limbs climbed tomb	combs lamb bomb subtle plumbing doubtful dumb catacomb	fought ought bought subtle coughing plumbing rough tough doubtful dumb through ought trough	terrible possible sensible visible legible edible reversible credible	responsible irresistible flexible horrible divisible incredible convertible invincible	cereal serial heard herd steal stationary stationery father farther	accompany according appreciate attached accommodate aggressive business penniless apparently committee
occupy occur	foreign harass		government parliament	guarantee hindrance		

# Start and End of Day Reminders

- the school day begins at 8:55am
- there are two bells in the morning – one at 8.53am where children get ready to learn in their lines and one at 8.55am where children go into their classrooms to complete their morning review tasks whilst the register is taken
- please be punctual to avoid missing the start of lessons, late marks and unauthorised absences
- children should be collected from their classroom at 3.30pm, the KS1 playground from after school clubs and the reception area from Our Space (if someone different is collecting your child, please let the office and/or teacher know)



# Absence Reminders

- if your child is unwell, please ring (or email [gboffice@newwavefederation.co.uk](mailto:gboffice@newwavefederation.co.uk)) on the first morning of absence by 9am
- holiday during term time will not be authorised
- schools are required to inform parents when attendance goes below 95% and does not improve and will monitor this
- attendance below 90% is classified as persistent and is reported to the school's Education Welfare Office
- Pam Sealy is Grazebrook's Attendance Officer

# Communication Reminders



- staff names, the timetable, curriculum leaflets, knowledge organisers, spelling lists, core books and home learning are saved under the [Year 5 tab](#) in the KS1 & KS2 classes section of the website
- you can make appointments to see the class teacher via the office (we can usually offer times before and after school)
- e-mails with messages for class teachers or school leaders should be sent to the school office for the attention of the member of staff you wish to contact

# Admin Reminders

- please make sure the school has up to date contact details and three contact numbers for emergencies
- all clubs and wraparound care can be booked and paid for through My Child At School (MCAS)
- ensure the school has any medication your child needs and you have completed a medicine form (unprescribed medicine cannot be administered by staff)
- we are a nut and sesame free school
- **ensure your child's clothes and property are named**
- **ensure your child brings in (and takes home) daily a named water bottle**



# Key Year 5 Autumn Dates

## Family Events:

- Reading Breakfast: Friday 10th October @ 8.30am in the Main Hall
- Come Dine With Me: Thursday 20th November @ 12.30pm - bookable via MCAS
- Come Learn With Me: Tuesday 9th December @ 9am in the Small Hall
- Learning Celebration Assembly: Friday 7th November @ 10am in the Main Hall

